

Report No.: 18270BC20494704

报告编号

MSDS REPORT

MSDS 报告

Client Name

委托单位

EcoFlow Innovation Ltd.

深圳市正浩智造科技有限公司

Address

地址

**Floor 1, Building E-1, Jiehe Industrial City,
Shuitian Community, Shiyan Street, Baoan
District, Shenzhen**

深圳市宝安区石岩街道水田社区捷和工业城厂房 E
第 1 栋一层

Product Name

产品名称

Portable Power Station

移动储能站

Effective Date

生效日期

Jan. 01, 2023

2023 年 01 月 01 日

Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited

深圳安博检测股份有限公司



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

材料安全数据清单

1. Chemical Product and Company Identification产品及申请公司信息

Sample name:	Portable Power Station
样品名称	移动储能站
Sample model:	EFD330-EB
样品型号	
Rating:	Nominal Voltage 标称电压: 51.2V
规格	Rated Capacity 额定容量: 20Ah, 1024Wh
	Weight 重量: 9.75kg
Manufacturer:	EcoFlow Innovation Ltd.
制造商	深圳市正浩智造科技有限公司
Address:	Floor 1, Building E-1, Jiehe Industrial City, Shuitian Community,
制造商地址	Shiyan Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen
	深圳市宝安区石岩街道水田社区捷和工业城厂房 E 第 1 栋一层
Factory:	EcoFlow Innovation Ltd.
工厂	深圳市正浩智造科技有限公司
Address:	Floor 1, Building E-1, Jiehe Industrial City, Shuitian Community,
工厂地址	Shiyan Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen
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Written by:
编写

杨艳萍

Approved by:
批准

阳德勇



2. Composition/Information on Ingredients原料成分信息

Chemical Name 化学名称	Percent of Content 含量百分比	CAS No. CAS 编号
Lithium Cobalt Oxide 钴酸锂(LiCoO ₂)	25%~35%	12190-79-3
Graphite 石墨(C)	15%~20%	7782-42-5
Polyvinylidene Fluoride 聚偏氟乙烯(PVDF)	1%~5%	24937-79-9
Acetylene Black 乙炔黑(SP)	0.5%~3%	1333-86-4
Aluminum 铝(Al)	21%~23%	7429-90-5
Copper 铜(Cu)	10%~11%	7440-50-8
Lithium hexafluorophosphate 六氟磷酸锂(LiPF ₆)	10%~15%	21324-40-3

3. Hazards Summarizing 危险概述

Danger sort 危险类别: N/A

Routes of entry 进入途径:

1. Eyes and Skin – When leaking, the electrolyte solution contained in the battery irritates to ocular tissues and the skin.
眼睛和皮肤 – 当电池泄漏时, 电池内部的电解液会刺激眼膜和皮肤, 甚至有疼痛感。
2. Inhalation—Respiratory (and eye) irritation may occur if fumes are released due heat or an abundance of leaking batteries.
吸入 – 电池大量泄漏产生热量导致冒烟, 吸入会刺激呼吸系统。
3. Ingestion – The ingestion of the battery can be harmful. Content of open battery can cause serious chemical burns of mouth, esophagus and gastrointestinal tract.
吞食 – 吞食电池对身体有很大危害。电池里含的物质会引起嘴、食道和胃肠道化学灼伤。

Health harm 健康损害:

Exposure to leaking electrolyte from ruptured or leaking battery can cause 电池破裂导致电解液外漏会导致以下伤害:

1. Inhalation—Burns and irritation of the respiratory system, coughing, wheezing, and shortness of breath.
吸入—灼伤或刺激呼吸系统, 可能会产生咳嗽、喘息和呼吸困难等现象。
2. Eyes—Redness, tearing, burns. The electrolyte is corrosive to all ocular tissues.



眼睛—红肿，疼痛，灼伤。电解液会腐蚀视网膜。

3. **Skin**—The electrolyte is corrosive and causes skin irritation and burns.
皮肤—电解液有腐蚀性，会刺激皮肤甚至灼伤皮肤。

4. **Ingestion**—The electrolyte solution causes tissue damage to throat and gastrointestinal track.

吞食—电解液会导致咽喉组织损伤和胃肠道损伤。

Environment harm 环境危害: Not necessary under conditions of normal use.正常使用条件下没有危害。

Explosion danger 爆炸危险: The battery may be explosive at high temperature (above 150°C) or exposing to the fire.电池在高温条件下（大于 150°C）或者置于火中会导致爆炸。

4. First Aid Measures 急救措施

Skin contact: Not anticipated. If the battery is leaking and the contained material contacts the skin, flush with copious amounts of clear water for at least 15 minutes.

Eye contact: Not anticipated. If the battery is leaking and the contained material contacts eyes, flush with copious amounts of clear water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention at once.

Inhalation: Not anticipated. If the battery is leaking, remove to fresh air. If irritation persists, consult a physician.

Ingestion: Not anticipated. If the battery is leaking and the contained material is ingested, rinse mouth and surrounding area with clear water at once. Consult a physician immediately for treatment.

皮肤接触: 如果电池意外漏液并接触到皮肤上，立即用大量的清水冲洗至少 15 分钟。

眼睛接触: 如果电池意外漏液并接触到眼睛上，立即用大量的清水冲洗至少 15 分钟，并立即就医。

吸入: 如果电池意外泄漏，立即转移到空气新鲜的地方，如果刺激性还存在，并立即就医。

吞食: 如果电池意外漏液并摄入于嘴中，立即用清水冲洗嘴部及周围部位，并立即就医。

5. Fire Fighting Measures 消防措施

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Battery may explode or leak potentially hazardous vapors subject to: exposed to excessive heat (above the maximum rated temperature as specified by the manufacturer) or fire, over-charged, short circuit, punctured and crushed.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Fire, excessive heat, or over voltage conditions may produce hazardous decomposition products. Damaged batteries can result in rapid heating and the release of flammable vapors.

Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical type extinguishers are the most effective means



to extinguish a battery fire. A CO₂ extinguisher will also work effectively.

Fire Fighting Procedures: Use a positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus if batteries are involved in a fire. Full protective clothing is necessary. During water application, caution is advised as burning pieces of flammable particles may be ejected from the fire.

异常着火和爆炸危险: 电池爆炸或漏液可能是由以下原因导致: 暴露于高温环境 (超过制造商规定的最高额定温度) 或者火中, 电池过充电, 短路, 刺穿和挤压。

产品烧毁危害: 着火, 过热或者过压条件可能会导致产品分解。损坏的电池会导致快速升温 and 产生可燃性气体。

灭火仪器: 发生电池火灾最有效的方法是使用干粉灭火器或者二氧化碳灭火器。

消防程序: 如果火灾中有电池, 要使用正压呼吸装置且必须配套全套防护服。用水灭火时应小心谨慎, 因为在燃烧的过程中, 可能会有易燃颗粒火中喷射出来。

6. Accidental Release Measures 意外泄露措施

The material contained within the battery would only be released under abusive conditions. In the event of battery rupture and leakage, collect all the released materials that are not hot or burning in an appropriate waste disposal container while wearing proper protective clothing and ventilate the area. Placed in approved container and disposed according to the local regulations.

电池内部的原料只会在恶劣条件下泄露。倘若电池意外发生破裂和泄漏, 需收集所有不热的废料置于合适的废物处理容器中燃烧, 与此同时需要穿上防护服并在通风的地方进行。放置在被批准的容器并按照规定处理废料。

7. Handling and Storage 操作和贮存

Handling 操作:

1. Batteries are designed to be recharged. However, improperly charging a battery may cause the battery to flame. When charging the battery, use dedicated chargers and follow the specified conditions.

电池设计成可充电的, 但是不正确的充电方式可能会导致电池着火。当给电池充电时, 要使用专用的充电器, 并按照指定的充电条件进行充电。

2. Never disassemble or modify a battery. 不可拆解电池。
3. Do not immerse, throw, and wet a battery in water. 不可将电池浸没、投入水中或弄湿电池。
4. Should a battery unintentionally be crushed, thus releasing its contents, rubber gloves must be used to handle all battery components. Avoid the inhalation of any vapors that may be emitted. 如果电池被无意挤压而导致内部物质泄漏, 必须带上橡胶手套处理所有的电池组件, 避免吸入排放的任何气体。



5. Short circuit causes heating. In addition, short circuit reduces the life of the battery and can lead to ignition of surrounding materials. Physical contact with to short-circuited battery can cause skin burn. 短路会引起电池过热。此外，短路会使电池寿命大大减少，甚至会导致周围材料着火。身体接触短路的电池会导致皮肤灼伤。
6. Avoid reversing the battery polarity, which can cause the battery to be damaged or flame. 避免颠倒电池极性，可能会引起电池损坏或者燃烧。
7. In the event of skin or eye exposure to the electrolyte, refer to Section 4, First Aid Measures. 如果皮肤或者眼睛接触到电解液，参考第四项并立即采取急救措施。

Storage 贮存:

1. Batteries should be separated from other materials and stored in a noncombustible, well ventilated, sprinkler-protected structure with sufficient clearance between walls and battery stacks. Do not place batteries near heating equipment, nor expose to direct sunlight for long periods. 电池应该和其他材料分开并且贮存在通风且不易着火的地方。自动灭火装置应与墙和电池组保持足够的间隙。不可把电池靠近加热装置，或者直接长时间的暴露于阳光直射的区域。
2. Do not store batteries above 35°C or below -20°C. Store batteries in a cool (about 20±5°C) in a long time, dry and ventilated area that is subject to little temperature change. Elevated temperatures can result in reduced battery cycle life. Battery exposure to temperatures in excess of 60°C will result in the battery venting flammable liquid and gases. 不可在35°C以上和-20°C以下的环境贮存电池。电池应该贮存在干燥的、通风良好的阴凉区域（大约20±5°C）。温度升高会导致电池循环寿命减少。电池暴露于60°C以上的温度可能会导致电池泄漏可燃性液体和气体。
3. Keep batteries in original package until use and do not jumble them. 使用前请将电池放在原包装内，不可乱放。

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection 暴露控制/自我防护

Engineering Controls: Keep away from heat and open flame.

Ventilation: Not necessary under conditions of normal use. In case of abuse, use adequate mechanical ventilation (local exhaust) for the battery that vent gas or fumes.

Respiratory Protection: Not necessary under conditions of normal use. If battery is burning, leave the area immediately. During fire fighting fireman should use self-contained breathing, full-face respiratory equipment. Fires may be fought but only from safe fire fighting distance, evacuate all persons from the area of fire immediately.

Eye Protection: Not necessary under conditions of normal use. Use safety glasses with



side shields if handling a leaking or ruptured battery.

Body Protection: Not necessary under conditions of normal use. Use rubber apron and protective working in case of handling a leaking of ruptured battery.

Protective Gloves: Not necessary under conditions of normal use. Use chemical resistant rubber gloves if handling a leaking or ruptured battery.

Others: Use good chemical hygiene practice. Wash hands thoroughly after cleaning-up a battery spill caused by leaking battery. No eating, drinking, or smoking in battery storage area.

工程控制: 远离高温和明火。

通风设备: 正常使用条件下是不必要的。如果有滥用，要使用合适的机械通风设备排出电池产生的气体和黑烟。

呼吸防护: 正常使用条件下是不必要的。如果电池着火，应立即远离着火区域。在灭火期间要使用自给自足的全脸防护的呼吸装置。要保持安全的灭火距离并立即疏散着火区域的所有人员。

眼睛防护: 正常使用条件下是不必要的。处理泄漏或者破裂的电池时要戴上有边罩的防护眼镜。

身体防护: 正常使用条件下是不必要的。处理泄漏或者破裂的电池时要穿上有橡胶围裙或者安全工作服。

防护手套: 正常使用条件下是不必要的。处理泄漏或者破裂的电池时要戴上抗化学腐蚀的橡胶手套。

其他: 保持良好的化学卫生习惯。清理完泄漏电池的漏液后要彻底地清洗手。在贮存电池的区域不吃东西，不喝酒，不吸烟。

9. Physical and Chemical Properties 物理和化学特性

State 状态:	Solid 固体
Odor 气味:	N/A
PH PH 值:	N/A
Vapor pressure 气压:	N/A
Vapor density 气体密度:	N/A
Boiling point 沸点:	N/A
Solubility in water 在水中的溶解度:	Insoluble 不溶
Specific gravity 比重:	N/A
Density 密度:	N/A



10. Stability and Reactivity 稳定性和反应活性

Conditions to Avoid: Do not heat, throw into fire, disassemble, short circuit, immerse in water or overcharge, etc.

Incompatibility: None during normal operation. Avoid exposure heat, open flame and corrosives.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: The battery may release irritative gas once the electrolyte leakage.

稳定性: 稳定

避免条件: 不能加热, 不要置于火中, 不随便拆解, 不短路, 不浸入水中, 不过充等。

不适用性: 正常操作条件下无不适用。避免暴露在高温、明火和腐蚀性物质环境中。

聚合物危害: 不会发生。

拆解产品危害: 当电解液泄漏, 电池会产生刺激性气体。

11. Toxicological Information 有害物质信息

The battery does not elicit toxicological properties during routine handling and use. If the battery is opened through misuse or damage, discard immediately. Internal components of cell are irritant and sensitization.

Irritancy: The electrolytes contained in this battery can irritate eyes with any contact. Prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes may cause irritation.

Sensitization: No information is available.

Teratogenicity: No information is available.

Carcinogenicity: No information is available.

Mutagenicity: No information is available.

Reproductive toxicity: No information is available.

电池在正常的操作和使用中不会产生有毒物质。如果由于不正确的使用或破坏导致电池裂开, 应立即丢掉。电芯内部成分有刺激性甚至诱发过敏。

刺激性: 电池内部的电解液会刺激眼睛。皮肤或黏膜长时间接触或产生过敏反应。

过敏: 没有可用的信息。

致畸胎性: 没有可用的信息。

致癌性: 没有可用的信息。

诱变性: 没有可用的信息。

生殖毒性: 没有可用的信息



12. Ecological Information 生态信息

1. When properly used and disposed, the battery does not present environmental hazard.
正确使用和处置电池时不会造成环境危害。
2. The battery does not contain mercury, cadmium, or lead.
电池不含有汞、镉、铅。
3. Do not let internal components enter marine environment. Avoid releasing to water ways, wastewater or ground water.
不可将电池及其组件投入海洋、下水道、废水或排水系统中。

13. Disposal Considerations 废弃处理

1. Disposal of the battery should be performed by permitted, professional disposal firms knowledgeable in Federal, State or Local requirements of hazardous waste treatment and hazardous waste transportation. 电池的处置应由取得联邦、州或地方有关危险废物处理和危险废物运输要求的专业处置的许可公司进行。
2. The battery should be completely discharged prior to disposal and/or the terminals taped or capped to prevent short circuit. When completely discharged it is not considered hazardous. 处理电池之前要完全放电或者把电池末端用胶带粘上防止短路。完全放电的电池被认为是没有危害的。
3. The battery contains recyclable materials. Recycling options available in your local area should be considered when disposing of this product, through licensed waste Carrier.
电池包含可循环利用的材料。在当地回收利用这些废弃的产品时，要取得废弃物处理的授权。

14. Transport Information 运输信息

According to PACKING INSTRUCTION 965 ~ 967 of IATA DGR 64th Edition for transportation, the special provision 230 of IMDG (inc Amdt 40-20). The batteries should be securely packed and protected against short-circuits. Examine whether the package of the containers are integrate and tighten closed before transport. Take in a cargo of them without falling, dropping, and breakage. Prevent collapse of cargo piles. Don't put the goods together with oxidizer and chief food chemicals. The transport vehicle and ship should be cleaned and sterilized before transport. During transport, the vehicle should prevent exposure, rain and high temperature. For stopovers, the



Report No.: 18270BC20494704

报告编号

Page 10 of 11

第 10 页 共 11 页

vehicle should be away from fire and heat sources. When transported by sea, the assemble place should keep away from bedroom and kitchen, and isolated from the engine room, power and fire source. Under the condition of Road Transportation, the driver should drive in accordance with regulated route, don't stop over in the residential area and congested area.

根据包装说明的 IATA DGR 第 64 期 965 ~ 967 运输、IMDG 的特殊条款 230(inc Amdt 40-20)。电池应填充牢固,防止短路。检查集装箱的包装是否在运输前整合并拧紧确定没有一个货物掉落,跌落,和破损,防止货物堆倒塌。不可把货物与氧化剂,食品放在一起。运输车辆和船舶在运输前应清洗和消毒,运输车辆应避免接触淋雨和高温。停留时,车辆应远离火和热源。海运时,装配位置应远离卧室和厨房,并与机舱、电源和火源隔离。公路运输情况下,司机开车应该按照规定路线,不要在居民区和人口稠密区停留。

(a) UN number UN 编号

3480&3481

(b) UN Proper shipping name UN 适当的运输名称

LITHIUM ION BATTERIES (including lithium ion polymer batteries) or; LITHIUM ION BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT or LITHIUM ION BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT (including lithium ion polymer batteries)

锂离子电池(包括锂离子聚合物电池);或内置在设备中的锂离子电池或与设备包装在一起的锂离子电池(包括锂离子聚合物电池)。

(c) Packing Instruction (if applicable) 包装方式 (如果适用)

965 IA, 966 I, 967 I

(d) Marine pollutant 海洋污染物(Yes/No)

No

(e) Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code)

散装运输 (根据 MARPOL 73/78 附则 II 和 IBC 规则)

No information available.无可用信息。

(f) Special precautions 特别预防措施

No information available.无可用信息。

15. Regulatory Information 监管信息

The transport of rechargeable lithium-ion batteries regulated by the united nations as detailed in the “model Regulations on the transport of dangerous Goods Ref. ST/SG/AC.10/1 Revision 21 2019”.

Defined by UN in the “Recommendations on the transport of Dangerous Goods Chapter 38.3 Manual of Tests and Criteria Ref. ST/SG/AC.10/11 Rev.7 2019”. The Lithium-ion Cells and the battery Packs may or may not be assigned to the UN No. 3480 Class-9 that is restricted for transport.



可充电锂离子电池的运输受联合国的统一监管，详见“关于危险货物运输的新型法规参考ST / SG / AC.10/1 21版本 2019”。

联合国在“关于危险货物第38.3章试验和标准手册参考ST / SG / AC.10 / 11第七版 2019”里明确规定，锂离子电芯和电池组有可能或可能不被划分到UN3480 第九类危险品（运输受限）。

16. Other Information其他信息

Prepared Department 申请商: EcoFlow Innovation Ltd.

深圳市正浩智造科技有限公司

-- End of report --

-- 报告结束 --

